



PALADIN
BLOCKCHAIN SECURITY

Smart Contract Security Assessment

Final Report

For AvalancheFarm Finance

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Cryptocurrencies and any technologies by extension directly or indirectly related to cryptocurrencies are highly volatile and speculative by nature. All reasonable due diligence and safeguards may yet be insufficient, and users should exercise considerable caution when participating in any shape or form in this nascent industry.

The audit report has made all reasonable attempts to provide clear and articulate recommendations to the Project team with respect to the rectification, amendment and/or revision of any highlighted issues, vulnerabilities or exploits within the contracts provided. It is the sole responsibility of the Project team to sufficiently test and perform checks, ensuring that the contracts are functioning as intended, specifically that the functions therein contained within said contracts have the desired intended effects, functionalities and outcomes of the Project team.

1 Overview

This report has been prepared for Avalanche Farm on the Fantom network. Paladin provides a user-centred examination of the smart contracts to look for vulnerabilities, logic errors or other issues from both an internal and external perspective.

1.1 Summary

Project Name	Avalanche Farm
URL	
Platform	Fantom
Language	Solidity

1.2 Contracts Assessed

Name	Contract	Live Code Match
SpadeToken	0xdF5d2365f09943F6080f9DcE0E0D741B93718A75	✓ MATCH
MasterChef	0xdefF285d0115729d0915a84deadf1fce2a41d1e5	✓ MATCH

1.3 Findings Summary

Severity	Found	Resolved	Partially Resolved	Acknowledged (no change made)
● High	0	-	-	-
● Medium	0	-	-	-
● Low	1	1	-	-
● Informational	2	-	-	2
Total	3	1	-	2

Classification of Issues

Severity	Description
● High	Exploits, vulnerabilities or errors that will certainly or probabilistically lead towards loss of funds, control, or impairment of the contract and its functions. Issues under this classification are recommended to be fixed with utmost urgency.
● Medium	Bugs or issues with that may be subject to exploit, though their impact is somewhat limited. Issues under this classification are recommended to be fixed as soon as possible.
● Low	Effects are minimal in isolation and do not pose a significant danger to the project or its users. Issues under this classification are recommended to be fixed nonetheless.
● Informational	Consistency, syntax or style best practices. Generally pose a negligible level of risk, if any.

1.3.1 SpadeToken

ID	Severity	Summary	Status
01	LOW	mint function can be used to pre-mint large amounts of tokens before ownership is transferred to the Masterchef	RESOLVED

1.3.2 MasterChef

ID	Severity	Summary	Status
02	INFO	Total token supply might not be minted due to try and catch pattern	ACKNOWLEDGED
03	INFO	MAX_EMISSION_RATE can be declared as a constant	ACKNOWLEDGED



2 Findings

2.1 SpadeToken

The SPADE token is a simple ERC-20 token which will be used as the main reward token for the Masterchef. It allows for SPADE tokens to be minted when the mint function is called by the owner of the contract, which at the time of deployment would be the SPADE team. Users should therefore carefully inspect that the ownership of the contract has been transferred to the Masterchef. The token has a maximum supply of 10,000.

2.1.1 Token Overview



Address	0xdF5d2365f09943F6080f9DcE0E0D741B93718A75
Token Supply	10,000
Decimal Places	18
Transfer Max Size	No maximum
Transfer Min Size	No minimum
Transfer Fees	None
Pre-mints	50

2.1.2 Privileged Roles

The following functions can be called by the owner of the contract:

- `mint`
- `renounceOwnership`
- `transferOwnership`

2.1.3 Issues & Recommendations

Issue #01	mint function can be used to pre-mint large amounts of tokens before ownership is transferred to the Masterchef
Severity	 LOW SEVERITY
Description	<p>The mint function could be used to pre-mint tokens for legitimate uses including, but not limited to, the injection of initial liquidity, token presale, or airdrops; however, this function may also be used to pre-mint and dump tokens when the token contract has been deployed but before ownership is set to the Masterchef contract.</p> <p>This risk is prevalent amongst less-reputable projects, and any pre-mints can be prominently seen on the Blockchain.</p>
Recommendation	Consider being forthright if this mint function is to be used by letting your community know how much was minted, where they are currently stored, if a vesting contract was used for token unlocking, and finally the purpose of the mints.
Resolution	 RESOLVED 50 tokens were pre-minted and ownership has been transferred to the Masterchef.

2.2 MasterChef

The Spade Masterchef contract was forked from PolyBeta, which was previously audited by Paladin. As such, it is a battle-tested and secure Masterchef. Notably, there are no hard risk functionalities within the contract. Deposit fees have an upper limit of 4%, and the upper limit of 20,000 tokens is enforced via the try/catch implementation in the `updatePool` function.

As Spade Masterchef is deployed on the AVAX network, the team has used block timestamp instead of block height for the calculation of rewards.

2.2.1 Privileged Roles

The following functions can be called by the owner of the Masterchef:

- `add`
- `set`
- `setDevAddress`
- `setFeeAddress`
- `updateEmissionRate`
- `updateStartBlock`
- `transferOwnership`
- `renounceOwnership`

2.2.2 Issues & Recommendations

Issue #02	Total token supply might not be minted due to try and catch pattern
Severity	INFORMATIONAL
Description	<p>As there is a MAXCAPSUPPLY for the Spade token, minting the reward and causing the max cap to exceed would result in a revert.</p> <pre>require(MAXCAP.add(amount) <= MAXCAPSUPPLY, "Max supply reached");</pre> <p>To prevent this, the following try and catch pattern is done in updatePool:</p> <pre>L1205~ try spade.mint(devaddr, spadeReward.div(10)) { } catch (bytes memory reason) { spadeReward= 0; emit SpadeMintError(reason); } try spade.mint(address(this), spadeReward) { } catch (bytes memory reason) { spadeReward= 0; emit SpadeMintError(reason); }</pre> <p>In the case where MAXCAP + amount does exceed MAXCAPSUPPLY, the mint will not be done. This means that the token supply could be capped at an amount slightly lower than MAXCAPSUPPLY.</p>
Recommendation	Consider minting the difference between MAXCAPSUPPLY - MAXCAP, if any.
Resolution	ACKNOWLEDGED

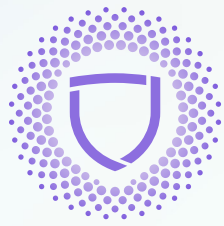
Issue #03**MAX_EMISSION_RATE can be declared as a constant****Severity** INFORMATIONAL**Description**

As MAX_EMISSION_RATE is only declared once as a state variable and never changed, it can be declared as a constant for gas optimization.

Recommendation

Consider adding the constant keyword when declaring MAX_EMISSION_RATE .

Resolution ACKNOWLEDGED



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