



PALADIN
BLOCKCHAIN SECURITY

Smart Contract Security Assessment

Final Report

For Salem Finance

20 October 2021



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Table of Contents

Table of Contents	2
Disclaimer	3
1 Overview	4
1.1 Summary	4
1.2 Contracts Assessed	4
1.3 Findings Summary	5
1.3.1 SalemWitch	6
1.3.2 SalemChef	6
2 Findings	7
2.1 SalemWitch	7
2.1.1 Token Overview	8
2.1.2 Privileged Roles	8
2.1.3 Issues & Recommendations	9
2.2 SalemChef	11
2.2.1 Privileged Roles	11
2.2.2 Issues & Recommendations	12



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The audit report has made all reasonable attempts to provide clear and articulate recommendations to the Project team with respect to the rectification, amendment and/or revision of any highlighted issues, vulnerabilities or exploits within the contracts provided. It is the sole responsibility of the Project team to sufficiently test and perform checks, ensuring that the contracts are functioning as intended, specifically that the functions therein contained within said contracts have the desired intended effects, functionalities and outcomes of the Project team.

1 Overview

This report has been prepared for Salem Finance on the Fantom Opera network. Paladin provides a user-centred examination of the smart contracts to look for vulnerabilities, logic errors or other issues from both an internal and external perspective.

1.1 Summary

Project Name	Salem Finance
URL	https://salem.finance
Platform	Fantom Opera
Language	Solidity

1.2 Contracts Assessed

Name	Contract	Live Code Match
SalemWitch	0xa26e2D89D4481500eA509Df58035073730cff6D9	✓ MATCH
SalemChef	0xdA2A9024D8D01F4EA0aa35EEdf771432095219ef	✓ MATCH

1.3 Findings Summary

Severity	Found	Resolved	Partially Resolved	Acknowledged (no change made)
● High	0	-	-	-
● Medium	0	-	-	-
● Low	2	2	-	-
● Informational	4	3	-	1
Total	6	5	-	1

Classification of Issues

Severity	Description
● High	Exploits, vulnerabilities or errors that will certainly or probabilistically lead towards loss of funds, control, or impairment of the contract and its functions. Issues under this classification are recommended to be fixed with utmost urgency.
● Medium	Bugs or issues with that may be subject to exploit, though their impact is somewhat limited. Issues under this classification are recommended to be fixed as soon as possible.
● Low	Effects are minimal in isolation and do not pose a significant danger to the project or its users. Issues under this classification are recommended to be fixed nonetheless.
● Informational	Consistency, syntax or style best practices. Generally pose a negligible level of risk, if any.

1.3.1 SalemWitch

ID	Severity	Summary	Status
01	LOW	mint function can be used to pre-mint large amounts of tokens before ownership is transferred to the Masterchef	RESOLVED
02	INFO	_totalSupply is sufficient to keep track of the total token supply minted	RESOLVED

1.3.2 SalemChef

ID	Severity	Summary	Status
03	LOW	Rewards are calculated based on block number instead of timestamp	RESOLVED
04	INFO	MAX_EMISSION_RATE can be declared as a constant	RESOLVED
05	INFO	Total token supply might not be minted due to try-catch pattern	ACKNOWLEDGED
06	INFO	Deposit uses raw subtraction instead of SafeMath for the before-after pattern	RESOLVED

2 Findings

2.1 SalemWitch

The SalemWitch Token contract allows for Salem tokens to be minted when the `mint` function is called by the contract Owner, who at the time of deployment would be the deployer. Ownership is generally transferred to the Masterchef via the `transferOwnership` function for emission rewards to be minted and distributed to users staking in the Masterchef.

The `mint` function can be used to pre-mint tokens for various uses including injection of initial liquidity, token presale, airdrops, and others. There is a maximum supply of 2,500,000 tokens.



2.1.1 Token Overview

Address	TBC
Token Supply	2,500,000
Decimal Places	18
Transfer Max Size	No maximum
Transfer Min Size	No minimum
Transfer Fees	None

2.1.2 Privileged Roles

The following functions can be called by the owner of the contract:

- `mint`
- `renounceOwnership`
- `transferOwnership`



2.1.3 Issues & Recommendations

Issue #01 **mint function can be used to pre-mint large amounts of tokens before ownership is transferred to the Masterchef**

Severity

 LOW SEVERITY

Description

The mint function could be used to pre-mint tokens for legitimate uses including, but not limited to, the injection of initial liquidity, token presale, or airdrops; however, this function may also be used to pre-mint and dump tokens when the token contract has been deployed but before ownership is set to the Masterchef contract.

This risk is prevalent amongst less-reputable projects, and any pre-mints can be prominently seen on the Blockchain.

Recommendation

Consider being forthright if this mint function is to be used by letting your community know how much was minted, where they are currently stored, if a vesting contract was used for token unlocking, and finally the purpose of the mints.

Resolution

 ACKNOWLEDGED

The team has acknowledged this, and this issue will be marked as resolved once the ownership of the token has been transferred to the Masterchef.



Issue #02**_totalSupply is sufficient to keep track of the total token supply minted****Severity** INFORMATIONAL**Description**

Both MAXCAP and _totalSupply are incremented by the amount of tokens minted, and decremented by the amount of tokens burnt. This makes MAXCAP redundant.

Recommendation

Consider removing MAXCAP and keeping track of the token supply using _totalSupply. If the emissions should stop when the MAXCAP is minted (eg. on burns, new emissions should not be possible again), consider removing the MAXCAP reduction on burn.

Resolution RESOLVED

Only _totalSupply is used to keep track of the token supply, and the MAXCAP variable has been removed.



2.2 SalemChef

The SalemChef is a fork of Goose Finance's Masterchef. A notable feature of forking this Masterchef is the removal of the `migrator` function from the original Pancakeswap, which as of late has been used maliciously to steal user's tokens. Additionally, in comparison to Goose Finance, Salem has limited the deposit fee to at most 4%. We commend Salem on their decision to fork a relatively safer version of the Masterchef and trim down the governance privileges with regards to the deposit fees.

2.2.1 Privileged Roles

The following functions can be called by the owner of the Masterchef:

- `add`
- `set`
- `setDevAddress`
- `setFeeAddress`
- `updateEmissionRate`
- `updateStartBlock`
- `transferOwnership`
- `renounceOwnership`

2.2.2 Issues & Recommendations

Issue #03	Rewards are calculated based on block number instead of timestamp
Severity	 LOW SEVERITY
Description	<p>As rewards are calculated using <code>block.number</code> instead of <code>block.timestamp</code>, and block intervals are not always consistent on Fantom, it might be possible to accelerate the rewards beyond the expected emission rate by having blocks produced at a faster rate. This is a known issue for EVM-based chains such as Avalanche and Fantom.</p> <p>At the point of this review, it was observed that the average block time was 1 second.</p>
Recommendation	Consider switching from calculation of rewards per block to rewards per second.
Resolution	 RESOLVED Rewards have been changed to be calculated per second.

Issue #04	MAX_EMISSION_RATE can be declared as a constant
Severity	 INFORMATIONAL
Description	As <code>MAX_EMISSION_RATE</code> is only declared once as a state variable and never changed, it can be declared as a constant for gas optimization.
Recommendation	Add the constant keyword when declaring <code>MAX_EMISSION_RATE</code> .
Resolution	 RESOLVED <code>MAX_EMISSION_RATE</code> has been set to a constant.

Severity

 INFORMATIONAL

Description

As there is a MAXCAPSUPPLY for the Salem token, minting the reward and causing the maximum cap to exceed would result in a revert.

```
require(MAXCAP.add(amount) <= MAXCAPSUPPLY, "Max supply reached");
```

To prevent this, the following try and catch pattern is done in `updatePool`.

Line 1205 onwards

```
try salem.mint(devaddr, salemReward.div(10)) {  
    } catch (bytes memory reason) {  
        salemReward = 0;  
        emit SalemMintError(reason);  
    }  
  
try salem.mint(address(this), salemReward) {  
    } catch (bytes memory reason) {  
        salemReward = 0;  
        emit SalemMintError(reason);  
    }  
}
```

In the case where `MAXCAP + amount` does exceed `MAXCAPSUPPLY`, the mint will not be done. This means that the token supply could be capped at an amount slightly lower than `MAXCAPSUPPLY`.

Recommendation

Consider minting the difference between `MAXCAPSUPPLY` and `MAXCAP`, if any.

Resolution

 ACKNOWLEDGED

Issue #06**Deposit uses raw subtraction instead of SafeMath for the before-after pattern****Severity** INFORMATIONAL**Location**

Lines 1233-1235

```
uint256 balanceBefore =
pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));
pool.lpToken.safeTransferFrom(address(msg.sender),
address(this), _amount);
_amount = pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this)) -
balanceBefore;
```

Description

The deposit function uses raw subtraction which could theoretically underflow since the contract is compiled on a Solidity version lower than 0.8.0. If a token which has special transfer logic that decreases the receivers' balance is added, the Masterchef can be drained of such token due to the underflow.

Recommendation

Consider using SafeMath instead:

```
_amount =
pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this)).sub(balanceBefore);
```

Resolution RESOLVED

SafeMath has been implemented for the subtraction.



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